

Year 2 Parent/Carer Information Session

Aims of this session:

- Read, Write, Inc and how we teach phonics
- Mastery Maths
- ► Topics covered this year
- Knowledge Organisers
- Christian Values and Rights
- ► PE Sports for Tots
- Sustainability lessons
- Family Liaison Officer and SEND
- Chartwells school meal provider

Any questions pop in the chat box and we will come to them throughout the session.

Teach a child to read and keep that child reading [and talking] and we will change everything.

And I mean everything.

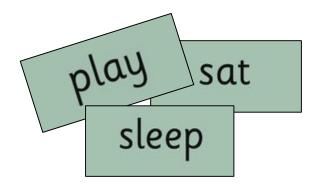
► Jeanette Winterson



Recap: What is Read Write Inc. Phonics?

Systematic approach









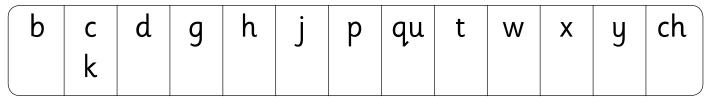


How does RWI teach reading? Simple Speed Sounds

Consonant sounds – stretchy

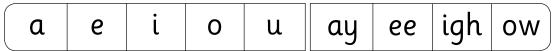
f	l	m	n	r	S	V	Z	sh	th	ng
										nk

Consonant sounds – bouncy



Vowel sounds – bouncy

Vowel sounds – stretchy



Vowel sounds – stretchy

							`
00	00	ar	or	air	ir	ou	oy
							J 3

Blending using Fred Talk





Fred Talk



Storybooks



How does Read Write Inc. teach spelling?

Fred Fingers consonant sounds - stretchy



f	l	m	n	r	S	V	Z	sh	th	
										nk

Consonant sounds – bouncy

b	С	d	g	h	j	р	qu	t	W	Х	y	ch
	k											,

Vowel sounds – bouncy

Vowel sounds – stretchy

a	е	i	0	u	ay	ee	igh	ow
---	---	---	---	---	----	----	-----	----

Vowel sounds – stretchy

00	00	ar	or	air	ir	ou	oy
)

Year 2 - Complex Speed Sounds chart

Consonant sounds

f		m							th	ng
ff	ll	mm	nn	rr	SS	ve	ZZ	ti		nk
ph	le	mb	kn	wr	se		s	ci		
					С		se			
					ce					

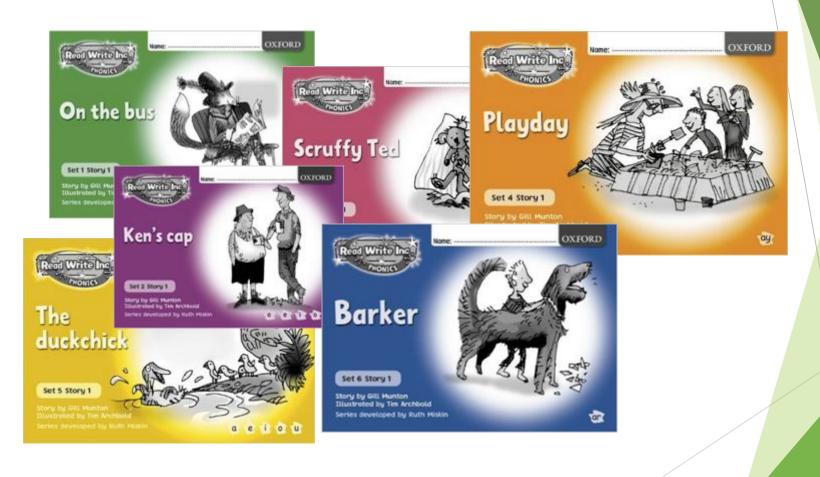
b bb	c k	d dd	g 99	h	j 9	p pp	qu	t tt	w wh	Х	y	ch tch	
	ck ch				ge dge								

Vowel sounds

a	е	i	0	u	ay	ee	igh i-e	ow
	ea				ay a-e	e-e	î-e	о̂-е
					ai	y	ie	oa
						ea	i	0
						е	y	

00	00	ar	or	air	ir	ou	oy	ire	ear	ure
û-e			oor	are	ur	ow	oi			
ue			ore		er					
ew			aw							
			au							

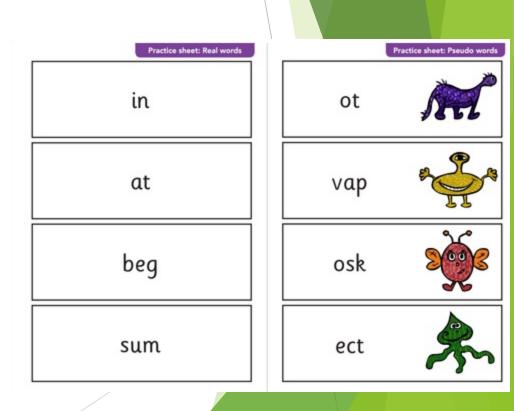
What should my child read at home? RWI Storybooks and Book Bag Books



Phonics Screening Check - Year 1

- All children in Year 1 throughout the country will all be taking part in a phonics screening check in June.
- ► The phonics screening check is designed to confirm whether children have learnt phonic decoding and blending skills to an appropriate standard.
- The test contains 40 words. Each child will sit one-to-one and read each word aloud to a teacher. The test will take approximately 10 minutes per child.
- Children are tested on 20 real words and 20 non-sense words.
- We decide whether it is appropriate for children to take the phonics screening check.
- ▶ Reporting to parents: By the end of the summer term all schools must report each child's results to their parents. They will also confirm if the child has met the standard threshold. Children who do not achieve the expected level will retake the test when they are in Year 2.

Due to COVID-19 pandemic Year 2 children will take the test in the autumn term as this did not happen nationally when they were in Year 1.



How can I help at home? Storytime

- Read to your children
- Ask lots of questions and share opinions
- You're never too old, too wacky, too wild, to pick up a book and read to a child.

► Dr Seuss

How can I help at home? Talking

► Talk to your child as much as possible and 'feed' them new and ambitious vocabulary.

"Let's eat our lunch now."

"Let's munch our lunch now."

"Let's scoff our lunch now."

"Let's devour our lunch now!"

You're looking ... not just... but...

How can I help at home? Vocabulary

► Enrich conversations through description:

"Look at that rain. It looks like little diamonds sparkling on the window pane!"

Have fun with words and language.

"I'm as hot as a spud in a cooking pot!"

- Praise your child for using new words or interesting phrases
- Use same terminology as school pure sounds, Fred talk, Fred Fingers

Talk for Writing

- ► Imitate Talk the text and story mapping
- ► Innovate change the text
- ▶ Invent write our own version



Questions from the Chat Box



Maths



Lesson progression

- Discover
- ➤ Share
- ► Think together
- Practise
- ► Reflect

Maths







Key Instant Recall Facts
Year 1 – Autumn 1

I know number bonds for each number to 6. By the end of this half term, children should know the following facts. The aim is for them to recall these facts instantly.

0 + 1 = 1	0 + 4 = 4	0+6=6	
1+0=1	1+3=4	1+5=6	
	2 + 2 = 4	2 + 4 = 6	Key Vocabulary
0 + 2 = 2	3+1=4	3+3=6	NCY VOCADUISTY
1+1=2	4 + 0 = 4	4 + 2 = 6	What is 3 add 2?
2 + 0 = 2		5 + 1 = 6	What is 2 plus 2?
	0+5=5	6+0=6	
0 + 3 = 3	1+4=5		What is 5 take away 2?
1+2=3	2+3=5		What is 1 less than 4?
2 + 1 = 3	3+2=5		E or a control of the same of
3+0=3	4+1=5		
	5+0=5		

They should be able to answer these questions in any order, including missing number questions e.g. $3 + \bigcirc$?= 5 or $4 - \bigcirc$? = 2.

Topics - Year 2

Autumn term

Down in the Jungle

Spring term
Out of this World

Summer term Digging Deep

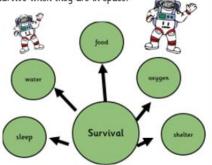
Knowledge Organisers - sticky knowledge

Year 2 Knowledge Organiser - Out of This World

What I learnt last year that will help me

Survival needs

We will learn about the key needs that animals and humans need to survive. We will then look at these 5 key needs and consider how astronauts survive when they are in space.



Order of the planets

We will be learning about the eight planets in our solar system and finding out what each planet is like.



We will learn a mnemonic to help us remember the order of the planets.

(Mercury)

Very (Venus)

Excited (Earth)

Monkey (Mars)

(Jupiter)

(Saturn)

Under (Uranus)

Noses (Neptune)

Space: the place beyond

Solar system: the sun,

Planet: large, natural

Material: a substance



The Apollo 11 Moon Landing

We will be learning about the historic moon landing when people first walked on the moon. Here are some interesting facts about the moon landing:

- On the morning of July 16th 1969, the United States of America got ready to launch its Saturn V rocket.
- The three astronauts on board were: Neil Armstrong, Michael Collins, and Edwin "Buzz" Aldrin.
- They took 4 days to reach the moon.
- On July 20th 1969, Neil Armstrong became the first human to step foot on the moon.







Materials

There are many different materials all around us. Some are man-made and some are natural. We will be learning about the properties of a variety of materials and how materials are used

Wood

Wood comes from trees so it is a natural material



Plastic

Plastic is man-made.

cheap to make.

It is easy to wash and

Metal

Metal comes from rocks. It is strong and



very fine sand. It is

man-made

Properties: what a

material is like and

Man-made: made by

Natural: made bu

nature rather than

Glass is made from



We will carry out some experiments to discover the best material to make a rocket out of.





We will learn about the artist Peter Thorpe and make some space pictures in



Core Christian Values

Faith

Love

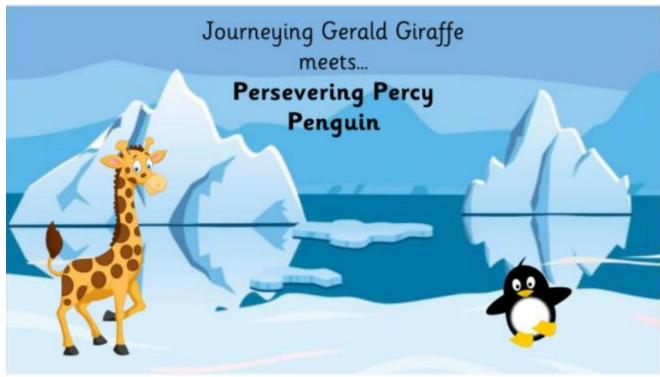
Respect

Perseverance

Forgiveness



Character Stories



Badges and Worship Leaders













Rights Respecting School - Rights of the Child

- ▶ Right to a Voice
- ► Right to a Faith
- ► Right to an Education
- ▶ Right to be the Best we can be
- ► Right to Relax and Play.



► School Council Rights Ambassadors

Sports4Tots with Nick



Sustainability lessons



Pastoral and SEN Support

- Family Liaison Officer and Trauma Practitioner- Miss Smith
- tsmith@rainbowacademy.org.uk
- SENCO Mrs Stephens
- nstephens@rainbowacademy.org.uk

Chartwells - School Meal Provider



